

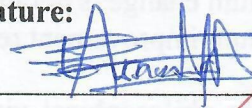
JULY 2021
EBS 248
CURRICULUM STUDIES IN SOCIAL STUDIES
30 MINUTES

GROUP A

Candidate's Index Number:

ABCE/PRI/19/0061

Signature:



UNIVERSITY OF CAPE COAST
COLLEGE OF EDUCATION STUDIES
SCHOOL OF EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND OUTREACH
INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

COLLEGES OF EDUCATION
FOUR-YEAR BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (B.ED)
SECOND YEAR, SECOND SEMESTER MID-SEMESTER QUIZ, JULY, 2021

13 +2

JULY 21, 2021

CURRICULUM STUDIES IN SOCIAL STUDIES

2:00 PM – 2:30 PM

Answer ALL the questions.

For items 1 to 19, each stem is followed by four options lettered A to D. Read each item carefully and circle the letter of the correct or best option.

1. Which one of the following is an aspect of internal determinant of a curriculum?
 - A. Financial constraints.
 - B. Government policies.
 - C. Social considerations.
 - D. The learners.
2. Curriculum makes it possible to have in a school people of varied cultures and linguistics backgrounds. Which term best describe this condition?
 - A. Core curriculum.
 - B. Cross-cultural factors.
 - C. Integrated curriculum.
 - D. Official curriculum.
3. Which of the following factors should be considered before a new curriculum is rolled out in schools?
 - A. Availability of textbooks.
 - B. Qualified staff.
 - C. Training of teachers.
 - D. All of the above.
4. Examination Bodies in Ghana often neglect one important aspect of educational domains, which is it?
 - A. Affective domain.
 - B. Cognitive domain.
 - C. Psychomotor domain.
 - D. None of the above.

5. Select from among the statements below the **correct** statement about curriculum change.
- A. All curriculum changes lead to curriculum improvement.
 - B. Curriculum change is an event.
 - C. Curriculum change is not different from curriculum improvement.
 - D. Curriculum improvement requires curriculum change.
6. Which of these philosophical viewpoints emphasize that the truth is eternal, everlasting and unchanging?
- A. Essentialism.
 - B. Existentialism.
 - C. Perennialism.
 - D. Realism.
7. Which of these philosophical viewpoints focus on the body or subject matter?
- A. Essentialism.
 - B. Existentialism.
 - C. Perennialism.
 - D. Realism.
8. Who were the originators of the Idealism philosophy of education?
- A. Plato and Aristotle.
 - B. Plato and Dewey. } *bonus*
 - C. Plato and Dewey. }
 - D. Socrates and Plato.
9. Which one of the following philosophies of curriculum grants learner's the freedom to discover knowledge on their own?
- A. Essentialism.
 - B. Existentialism.
 - C. Idealism.
 - D. Realism.
10. Which of the following principles cater for the developmental limits of children in curriculum design? *age, ability level*
- A. Relevance.
 - B. Suitability. ✓
 - C. Validity.
 - D. Variety.
11. Which of these determinants of the curriculum helps in identifying inconsistencies in the school programme which are incompatible with the nature of man and his socio-physical environment? *diagnosing*
- A. finance.
 - B. knowledge.
 - C. philosophy.
 - D. society.
12. The Great books were introduced by the perennialists to help
- A. learners to discover true knowledge.
 - B. learners develop critical thinking.
 - C. teachers to have meaningful interaction with learners.
 - D. teachers to transmit the cultural heritage to learners.

13. Learning experience is said to be valid if it
- A. contributes towards the achievement of the objectives.
 - B. is closely connected with educational goals and objectives.
 - C. is closely related to learners' needs, interests and capacities.
 - D. provides useful experiences for a wide range of objectives.
14. The oldest pattern of curriculum organization is curriculum.
- A. core
 - B. experience
 - C. integrated
 - D. subject matter
15. The **most** conservative, inflexible, and traditional among the five educational philosophies is
- A. essentialism.
 - B. existentialism.
 - C. idealism.
 - D. perennialism.
16. The new curriculum, which is standard based, has three forms of assessment, thus, assessment for learning, assessment as learning and assessment of learning. Where will you place assessment of learning under the types of evaluation? Evaluation.
- A. Comprehensive
 - B. Formative
 - C. Summative
 - D. Total
17. What is the rationale for teaching social studies? It
- A. helps us to appreciate history of our communities. ✕
 - B. is a core subject.
 - C. is to equip learners to fit into the society. ✓
 - D. is to help learners to know their culture only. ✕
18. The topic "Our constitution" falls under which of the three themes in the social studies curriculum?
- A. Economic development.
 - B. Governance, politics and stability. ✓
 - C. Social development.
 - D. The environment.
19. An evaluation of any curriculum is based on the
- A. contents. ✓
 - B. learning experiences.
 - C. objectives.
 - D. rationale.

Item 20 is a statement followed by a True and False option. Read the statement carefully and indicate whether it is True or False by circling the letter of the correct option.

20. All curriculum changes do **not** lead to improvement but all curriculum improvement requires change.
- A. True
 - B. False